## Mark 6:45-52 mws

### V. 45

εύθὺς

immediately, at once

a point of time immediately subsequent to a previous point of time, immediately, right away, then

ἠνάγκασεν AAI3sg fr. ἀναγκαζω

weakened sense, strongly urge/invite, urge upon, press, 'he pressed the disciples to embark' cf. Matt. 14:22. Lk. 14:23

to compel someone to act in a particular manner, to compel, to force

## μαθητάς

one who is rather constantly associated with someone who has a pedagogical reputation or a particular set of views, disciple, adherent, especially of the disciples of Jesus, of the twelve a person who is a disciple or follower of someone, disciple, follower

ἐμβῆναι AAInf fr. ἐμβαινω

to step into an area, mostly of boarding water transport, embark, cf. 4:1, 5:18, 8:10, 13 to go into or onto, as in the case of a boat, to embark, to get into a boat

#### πλοῖον

a relatively small fishing vessel, such as would be used on Lake Gennesaret, boat any kind of boat, from small fishing boats as on Lake Galilee to large seagoing vessels, boat, ship

προάγειν PAInf fr. προαγω

to move ahead or in front of, go before, lead the way, precede, in time, go or come ahead of someone, cf. 16:7

to go prior to someone else's going, to go prior to, to go away before hand, 'at once he made his disciples get into the boat and go ahead of him...to Bethsaida'

# πέραν

marker of a position across from something else, with intervening space, on the other side, the shore or land on the other side

a position opposite another position, with something intervening, opposite, across from, on the other side of

### ἕως

to denote contemporaneousness, as long as, while, 'while he himself dismissed the crowd' an extent of time of the same length as another extent or unit of time, as long as, while, 'he made his disciples get into the boat...while he sent the crowd away'

ἀπολύει PAI3sg fr. ἀπολυω

to permit or cause someone to leave a particular location, let go, send away, dismiss, cf. v. 36, 8:9

to cause (or permit) a person or persons to leave a particular location, to let go away, to dismiss'

## ŏχλον

a relatively large number of people gathered together, crowd, a casual gathering of large numbers of people without reference to classification, crowd, throng a casual non-membership group of people, fairly large in size and assembled for whatever purpose, crowd, multitude

## V. 46

ἀποταξάμενος ΑΜΡτερΜSN fr. ἀποτασσω

to express a formal farewell, say farewell (to), take leave (of)

to employ formalized expressions appropriate to leaving or saying farewell to someone, possibly involving the communication of final arrangements for leaving, to say goodbye'

ἀπῆλθεν AAI3sg fr. ἀπερχομαι

to move from a reference point, of persons or things, go, with indication of place, cf. v. 36, 1:35, 7:24

motion away from a reference point with emphasis upon the departure, but without implications as to any resulting state of separation or rupture, to go away, to depart, to leave

# ὄρος

a relatively high elevation of land that projects higher than a hill, mountain, mount, hill a relatively high elevation of land, in contrast with hill, which by comparison, somewhat lower, mountain

προσεύξασθαι ΑΜdepInf fr. προσευχομαι

to petition deity, pray, cf. 1:35

to speak to or to make requests of God, to speak to God, to ask God for, prayer

### V. 47

### όψίας

substantive, the period between late afternoon and darkness, evening, 'when evening came' cf. 4:35, 14:17

pertaining to a point near the end of a day (normally after sunset but before night) late, late in the day

## γενομένης Α

AMPtcpFSG fr. γινομαι

come into being as an event or phenomenon from a point of origin, arise, come about, develop, of the various divisions of a day

to happen, with the implication that what happens is different from previous state, to happen, to occur, to come to be

#### πλοῖον

see above

### μέσω

pertaining to a middle position spatially or temporally, middle, in the middle, as substantive, the middle, into the middle, before (someone), with genitive of place, 'in the middle of the lake' a position in the middle of an area, in the middle, in the midst

# θαλάσσης

lake, the lake (or sea) of Galilee a particular body of water, normally rather large, sea, lake

# μόνος

pertaining to being the only entity in a class, only, alone, with focus on being the only one the only item of a class in place, alone, all by oneself

# γῆς

dry land as opposed to sea, land, cf. 4:1 dry land, in contrast with the sea, land

## V. 48

ἰδὼν ΑΑΡτερΜSN fr. εἶδον

to perceive by sight of the eye, see, perceive to see, sight, seeing

## βασανιζομένους PPPtcpMPA fr. βασανιζω

to subject to severe distress, torment, harass, a boat harassed by the waves to punish by physical torture or torment, to torture, to torment

### έλαύνειν PAInf fr. έλαυνω

to urge or propel along, drive, of the wind, either advance, make progress or row to cause an object to move by means of a strong force or vigorous action, to drive along, to carry along, 'he saw that they were having great difficulty in rowing'

### γὰρ

marker of clarification, for, you see marker of cause or reason between events, for, because

## ἄνεμος

a blowing atmospheric phenomenon, wind, a contrary wind air in relatively rapid movement, but without specification as to the force of the movement, wind, blowing, to blow

## έναντίος

pertaining to being opposite in terms of direction, opposite, against, contrary, of the wind, cf. Matt. 14:24, Acts 27:4

pertaining to being oriented in the direction opposite to a movement, against, 'for the wind was against them' or 'the wind was blowing against them'

### περί

generally in reference to position rather than mental or emotional considerations as in the use of the genitive, about, of time, about, near, cf. Acts. 22:6

marker of a point of time which is approximately simultaneous to another point of time, about

# τετάρτην

fourth

fourth in a series involving either time, space, or set, fourth

# φυλακήν

one of the periods of time into which the night was divided, a watch of the night, reflects the Roman custom of dividing the time between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. into four equal periods or watches (assigned persons were responsible for security during each period), cf. Matt. 14:25

## νυκτὸς

period between sunset and sunrise, night the period between sunset and sunrise, night

# ἔρχεται PM/PdepI3sg fr. ἔρχομαι

to proceed on a course, with destination in view, go

to move toward or up to the reference point of the viewpoint character or event, to come, coming

## πρὸς

marker of movement or orientation toward someone/something, of place, person, or thing, toward, towards, to

extension toward a goal, with the probability of some type of implied interaction or reciprocity, to

## περιπατῶν PAPtcpMSN fr. περιπατεω

to go here and there in walking, go about, walk around, generically, walk, go to walk along or around, to walk, to go

#### έπὶ

marker of location or surface, answering the question 'where?' on, upon, near, marking a position on a surface, 'on the sea' cf. Matt. 14:26, Jn 6:19 a position on a surface of an object, whether vertical or horizontal, and in contact with the object,

on, upon, 'walking on the water'

# θαλάσσης

see above

# ἤθελεν IAI3sg fr. θελω

to have something in mind for oneself, of purpose, resolve, will, wish, want, be ready, 'he was ready to pass by them'

to purpose, generally based upon a preference and desire, to purpose

# παρελθεῖν AAInf fr. παρερχομαι

to go past a reference point, go by, pass by someone or something, of Jesus and his disciples on the lake

to move past a reference point, to pass by, to go by

## V. 49

ίδόντες AAPtcpMPN fr.  $\epsilon$ ίδον see above

έπὶ

see above

θαλάσσης see above

περιπατοῦντα PAPtcpMSA fr. περιπατεω

see above

ἔδοξαν ΑΑΙ3pl fr. δοκεω

to consider as probable, think, believe, suppose, consider, of subjective opinion to regard something as presumably true, but without particular certainty, to suppose, to presume, to assume, to imagine, to believe, to think

őτι

marker of narrative or discourse content, direct or indirect, that, used after verbs that denote mental or sense perception, or the transmission of such perception, or an act of the mind to indicate the content of what is said, etc. after verbs of thinking, judging, believing, hoping marker of discourse content, whether direct or indirect, that, the fact that

# φάντασμά

apparition, especially ghost, cf. Matt. 14:26, Lk. 24:37 an apparition, ghost

ἀνέκραξαν ΑΑΙ3pl fr. ἀνακραζω

cry out, of the cries of frightened men

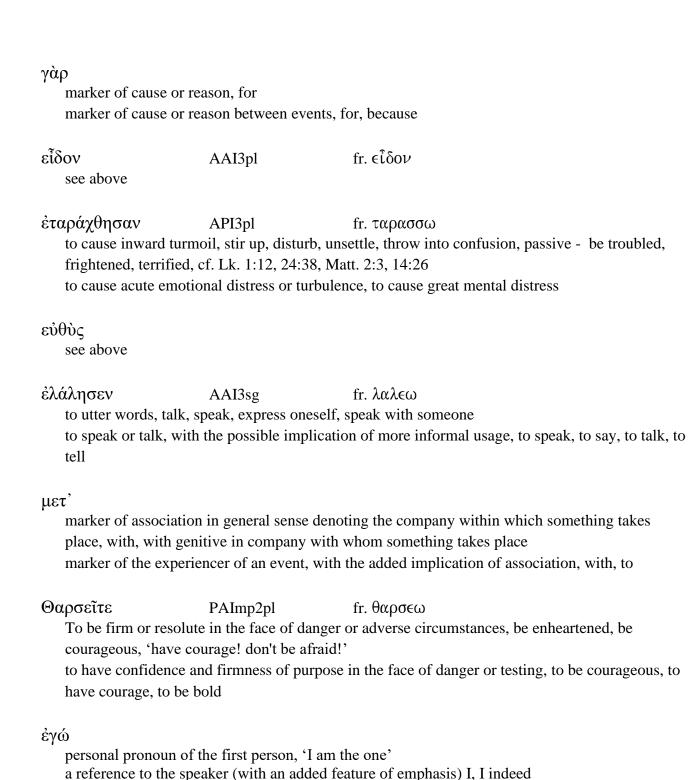
to shout or cry out, with the possible implication of the unpleasant nature of the sound, to shout, to scream, 'they thought that it was a ghost and screamed'

# V. 50

πάντες

pertaining to totality with focus on its individual components, each, every, any, substantive – all, everyone

the totality of any object, mass, collective, or extension, all, every, each, whole



fr. €ἰμι

PI1sg

to exist, in an absolute sense, to be, to exist

be, exist, be on hand, of Christ

είμι

φοβεῖσθε PPImp2pl fr. φοβεω to be in an apprehensive state, be afraid, 'you must no longer be afraid, stop being afraid' cf. 5:36

to be in a state of fearing, to fear, to be afraid

## V. 51

ἀνέβη AAI3sg fr. ἀναβαινω

to be in motion upward, go up, ascend, of living beings, of movement in a direction without special focus on making an ascent, of ships, embark, get (into), cf. Matt. 14:32, Lk. 8:22, Jn 6:24 to move up onto an object, with specialization of meaning in reference to boats, to go aboard, to embark

πρὸς

see above

πλοῖον

see above

ἐκόπασεν AAI3sg fr. κοπαζω

abate, stop, rest, cease, 'the wind fell' cf. 4:39, Matt. 14:32

to cease, in reference to some type of movement, to cease, to stop

ἄνεμος

see above

λίαν

to a high degree, very (much), exceedingly, 'altogether' generalized, positive degree, very

περισσοῦ

in the comparative sense, whatever is more, whatever goes beyond, 'extremely' idiom, literally 'from excess' an extremely high point on a scale of extent and implying excess, exceedingly, extremely, decidedly, excessively, 'they were exceedingly amazed'

ἐξίσταντο ΙΜΙ3pl fr. ἐξιστημι

the psychological sense, be out of one's normal state of mind, be amazed, be astonished, of the feeling of astonishment mingled with fear, caused by events which are miraculous, extraordinary, or difficult to understand, 'they were utterly astounded within them' to be so astonished as to almost fail to comprehend what one has experienced, to be greatly astonished, to be astounded

### V. 52

γὰρ

see above v. 48

#### συνῆκαν

AAI3pl

fr. συνιημι

to have an intelligent grasp of something that challenges one's thinking or practice, understand, comprehend

to employ one's capacity for understanding and thus to arrive at insight, to understand, to comprehend, to perceive, to have insight into, cf. 4:12

#### έπὶ

marker of perspective, in consideration of, in regard to, on the basis of, concerning, about marker of content as a means of specifying a particular referent, concerning, with respect to, with reference to, about, in

## ἄρτοις

a baked product produced from a cereal grain, bread, also loaf of bread, cf. v. 38, 44 a relatively small and generally round loaf of bread (considerably smaller than present-day typical loaves of bread and thus more like 'rolls' or 'buns') loaf of bread

### άλλ'

after a negative, on the contrary, but, yet, rather, introducing a contrast marker of more emphatic contrast, but, instead, on the contrary

# καρδία

heart, as seat of physical, spiritual and mental life, as center and source of the whole inner life, with its thinking, feeling, and volition, of inner awareness, 'slow of comprehension' cf. 3:4, 8:17 the causative source of a person's psychological life in its various aspects, but with special emphasis on thoughts, heart, inner self, mind

# πεπωρωμένη PfPPtcpFSN fr. πωροω

figurative, to cause someone to have difficulty in understanding or comprehending, harden, petrify, mostly of hearts, make dull/obtuse/blind, close the mind, cf. 8:17, Jn 12:40 figurative, to cause someone to be completely unwilling to learn and to accept new information, to cause to be completely unwilling to learn, to cause the mind to be closed